Academic Writing: University Expectations and TESOL

Key Terms	Translated Definition	View
	Business	
Logic/Reason Problem-solving Application of content knowledge Distill main ideas Clear expression	Critical thinking is identifying the main idea(s) of an issue and finding alternative solutions to solving the problem, all while applying content knowledge and logical synthesizing and analytical strategies to clearly express one's argument or stance.	Objective
	Engineering	
Logic/Reason Identify main ideas/issues Synthesize Analyze Audience awareness	Critical thinking is the ability to understand , analyze , and synthesize complex information, identify its significance, articulate particular engineering criteria, and assess the audience's technological familiarity, or knowledge.	Objective
Tradition of Williams	Philosophy	
Comprehend Examine Determine Validity Logic/reason Clear articulation Defend	Critical thinking is the ability to comprehend any given argument, examine its parts to determine its validity, and develop an argument using logic and reason to defend your stance in a clearly articulated fashion.	Objective
	History	
Identify significance, particular elements, validity Ask questions Micro to Macro thinking (12 steps) Discover insight Logic/reason Draw conclusions	Critical thinking is the ability to ask the necessary questions that will facilitate micro to macro thinking, leading to the identification of particular elements of a source, its significance and validity, discover insight, and to use sound logic and reason to draw conclusions .	Subjective
	English	
Personal experience Reflection Understand/Comprehend Interpret Analyze Objectivity Consider multiple perspectives/ outcomes Identify significance Ask questions	Critical thinking is the ability to understand , analyze , and evaluate the text beyond its surface meaning with discernment; identify its significance; connect ideas through inference , interpretation , and personal experience; be aware of one's own perspective while considering multiple perspectives through objectivity , asking questions, and reflecting ; and to consider multiple outcomes.	Subjective
Discernment Evaluate		
Infer Defend		
Connect ideas Beyond the text		

Notes

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University Expectations

Assignments

Essays, In-class responses, reflections

Skills & Improvements

Concise expression, clarity, organization

Feedback

• Content, clarity, organization

Suggestions for ESL/EFL Teachers

1. Teach some history

- ✓ Organization = logic
- ✓ Compare origins

2. Emphasize in-class responding

✓ Comprehension & limited, focused responses

3. Process and reflect

- ✓ Multiple revisions, applying FB
- ✓ Accountability, learner autonomy

4. Have a little bit of everything

✓ Introduce contextual CT strategies

Suggestions for university professors

Encourage use of Alternative Sources of FB

- Classroom mentors
- Promote learner autonomy
- Promote audience awareness
- Promote cultural awareness